

The GEO Global Agricultural Monitoring (GEOGLAM) Initiative

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GEOGLAM

- Launched by G-20 in 2011 (French Presidency), under the Action Plan on Food Price Volatility and Agriculture and re-affirmed in 2016
- Vision: Provision of actionable, science-driven, open, information at sub-national to global scales, that guides policies, investments and decisions in food security, crop productivity and agricultural markets
 - Through use of coordinated, multi-sensor, Earth Observations (EO)
 - Recognizing the need for more reliable, open, transparent information on agriculture

www.geoglam.org

GEOGLAM: an International Collaborative Initiative

- Based on common interests, leveraging domestic and international research and development activities
- Strengthening existing national and international agricultural monitoring systems
- Foundation in user-driven operational R&D
 - Emphasis on identifying information needs and transitioning research to operations - building capacity for sustained monitoring
- The Initiative is being Implemented through Contributory Projects
- Governance Structure
 - Advisory Committee (chaired by USDA and China)
 - Secretariat at GEO HQ in Geneva
 - Distributed implementation Team with Project Leads

GEOGLAM Terminology

- **Earth Observations (EO)**
 - Satellite and in-situ data (e.g. from meteorological ground stations)
 - Timely information products and model output
 - Data > products and services > reliable Information
 - Validated i.e. of known accuracy
- **The GEOGLAM Community of Practice**
 - Data Providers, Researchers, Operational Agencies for Agricultural Monitoring (e.g. Ministries of Agriculture, Hydromet and Ag Statistics) and Many Others
 - Providing decision support for markets and policies
- **From Research to Operations**
 - Moving robust research methods into the operational domain
 - Challenging for all countries
 - Issue of capacity, resources and institutional roles and sustainability

The GEOGLAM Community

Open Community made up of international and national agencies concerned with agricultural monitoring
including Ministries of Ag, Space agencies, Universities, & Industry



Public Space Sector



In-situ &
Crowd-sourcing

Commercial
Space Sector

Ag Meteo & Climate Services

EO Data
Coordination

Acquisition
Access
Continuity

Operational R&D
Method Development &
Improvement

Research-to-Operations
Capacity Development for EO

Strengthened
Monitoring Systems
National • Regional • Global

FOOD PRODUCTION
EARLY WARNING

FOOD PRODUCTION
MARKET INFORMATION

Outlooks for
Markets &
Trade

National &
International
Food Policy

Agricultural
Subsidies

Farm Advisory &
Extension

Sustainable
Development
Goals

Science-Based
Information
Decision • Policy • Action

Vulnerability &
Impact
Assessments

Support to
Food Aid
Organizations

Insurance &
Investments

FOOD SECURITY

CLIMATE CHANGE

SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT

What does GEOGLAM Provide?

- Platform for multi-lateral and bilateral cooperation
 - coordination on provision and use of Earth Observations for agricultural monitoring
 - forum for exchange of experience, tools, methods → best practices
- R&D in support of operational systems
- Translating EO data into policy relevant information
 - Bridging the gap between EO-science & the Economics / Policy communities
- Articulating and advocating community observation requirements and information needs to EO data providers

Free & Open Access to EO data, information, tools is a critical component

More access = more users

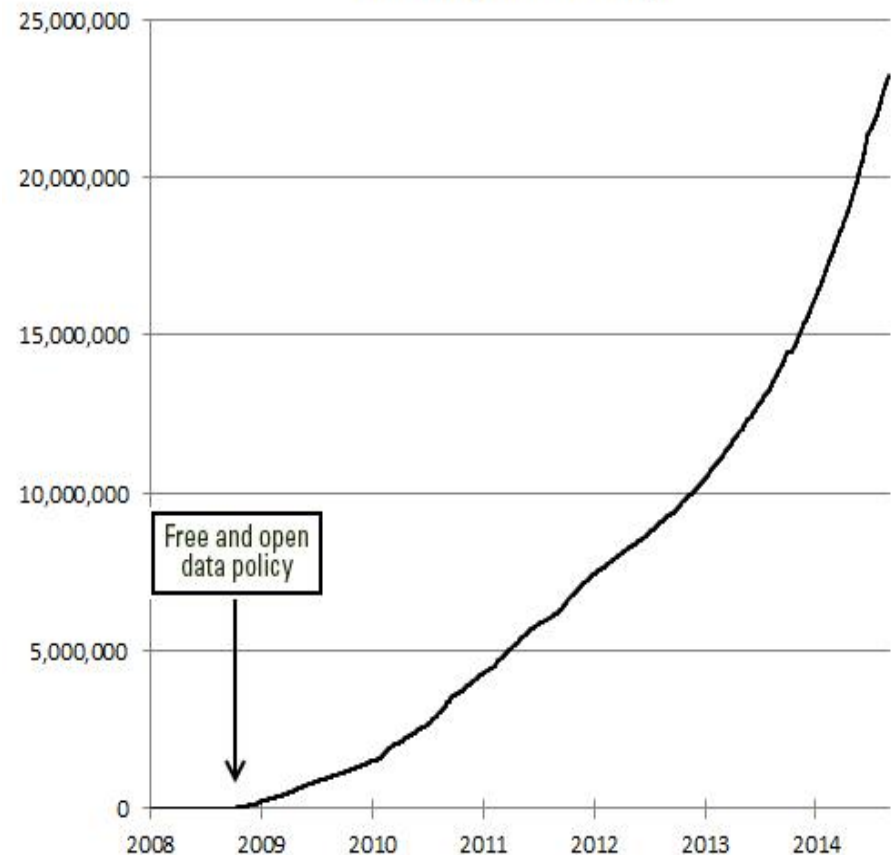
More users = better methods

Better methods + good data =
improved quality of information

Improved quality of information
supports better decision making and
mitigates food insecurity.

*Restrictive data policies are missed
opportunities.*

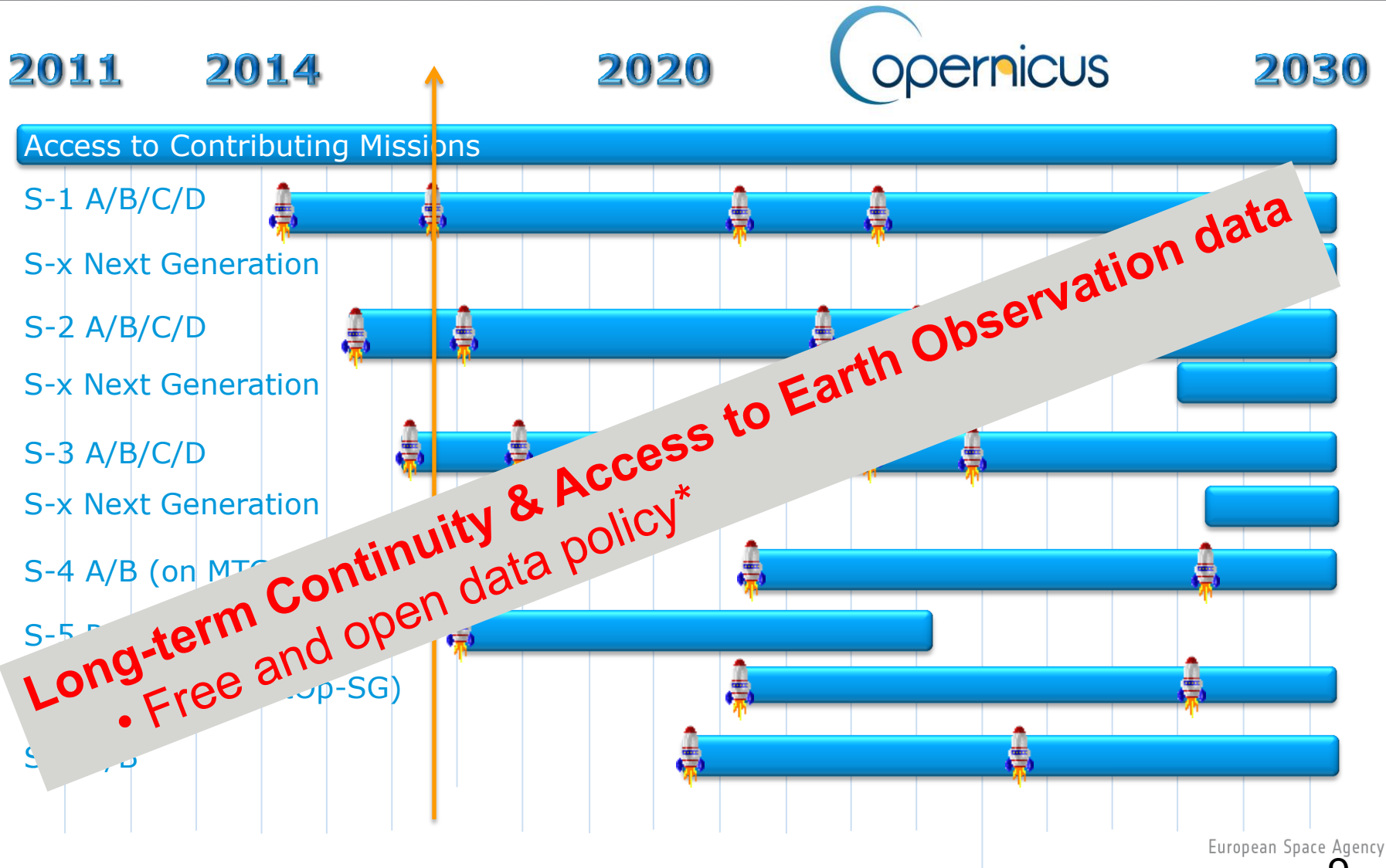
**Landsat Scenes Downloaded from USGS EROS
Center (Cumulative)**



Source: USGS

Sentinels – New Era of Observations

EU-ESA Copernicus Space Programme



Need for Timely Information

- Cropland Area
- Crop Calendars, Crop Rotation
- Area Planted
- Crop Type (within season)
- Crop Condition (within season)
- Crop Yield Estimates (within season)
- Crop Production Assessments (within season)
- Agricultural Land Use Change
 - Intensification, Increase or loss of agricultural land, Changing cropping systems, Abandonment

GEOGLAM Crop Monitor for AMIS

- Partnering with the Agricultural Market Information System
- Objective: transparent, timely, crop condition assessments in primary agricultural production areas
- Reflecting an international consensus, building on existing systems
- 4 Crops: Wheat, maize, soybean, rice
- Focus: main production/export countries (G20)



www.geoglam-cropmonitor.org



Product Updates: AMIS-GEOGLAM Crop Calendar

AMIS - GEOGLAM Crop Calendar

Selected leading producers

Wheat		J	F	M	A	M	J	J	A	S	O	N	D
EU (21%)*	winter												
China (17%)	spring												
	winter												
India (13%)	winter												
US (8%)	spring												
	winter												
Russia (8%)	spring												
	winter												
Maize		J	F	M	A	M	J	J	A	S	O	N	D
US (35%)													
China (22%)	north												
	south												
Brazil (8%)	1st crop												
	2nd crop												
EU (7%)													
Argentina (3%)													

Soybeans		J	F	M	A	M	J	J	A	S	O	N	D
USA (31%)													
Brazil (29%)													
Argentina (18%)													
China (4%)													
India (3%)													
Rice		J	F	M	A	M	J	J	A	S	O	N	D
China (29%)	intermediary crop												
	late crop												
	early crop												
India (21%)	kharif												
	rabi												
Indonesia (9%)	main Java												
	second Java												
	winter-spring												
Viet Nam (6%)	summer/autumn												
	winter												
Thailand (4%)	main season												
	second season												

* Percentages refer to the global share of production (average 2013-15).



Planting (peak)



Harvest (peak)



Planting



Harvest



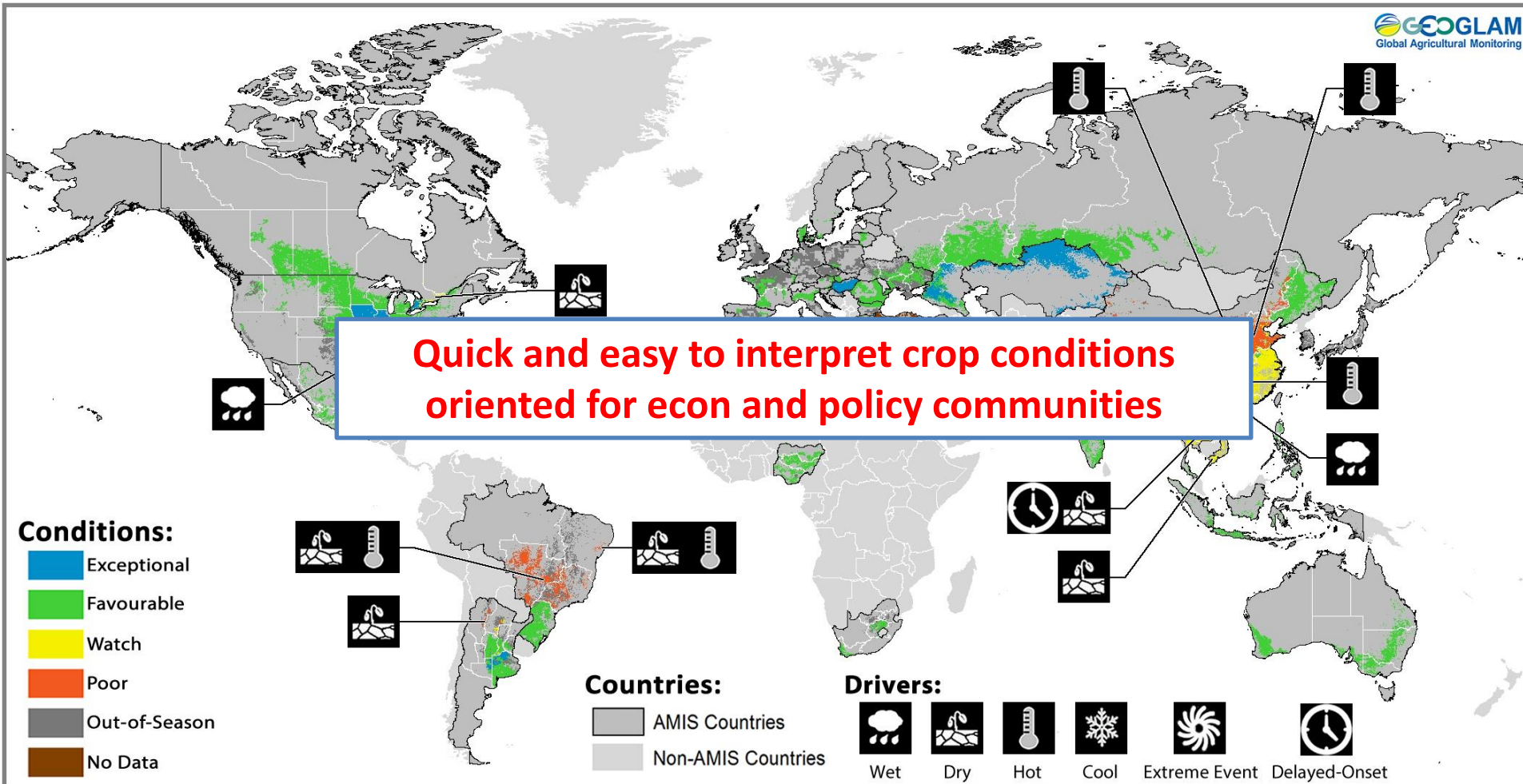
Weather conditions in this period are critical for yields.



Growing period

Output Crop Condition Maps Covering AMIS Crops

Conditions as of September 28th 2016



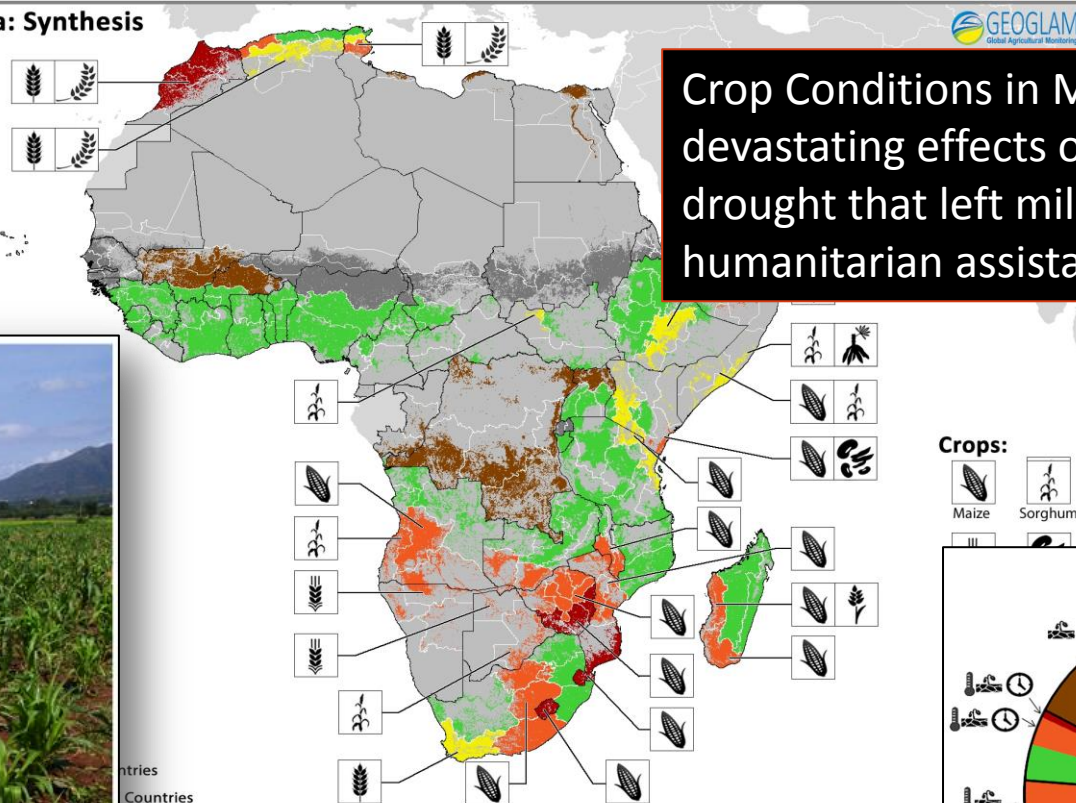
Crops that are in other than favorable conditions are displayed on the map with their crop symbol & driver.

- Successful collaboration between two G20 initiatives
- Bridging the gap between the EO and Econ communities
- First time the international community comes together to produce operational assessments

Gave Rise to the GEOGLAM Early Warning Crop Monitor

Focused on countries most vulnerable to food insecurity

Africa: Synthesis



CROP MONITOR FOR
EARLY WARNING

NO. 4

APRIL 2016

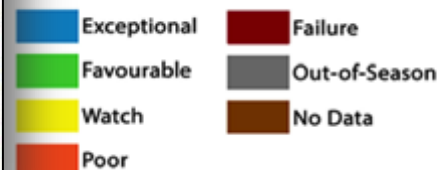
Brings together the international, regional, and national organizations monitoring crop conditions within countries at risk of food insecurity. The focus is on developing timely consensus assessments of crop conditions, recognizing that reaching a consensus will help to strengthen confidence in decision making. The EWCM grew out of a successful collaborative relationship, the AMIS Crop Monitor, which monitors the main producing countries (<http://www.amis-outlook.org/>). This is the first bulletin but future EWCM assessments will include all countries shown in blue in the adjacent panel.



Crop Monitor
a geoglamm initiative

GEOGLAM
Global Agricultural Monitoring
GROUP ON EARTH OBSERVATIONS

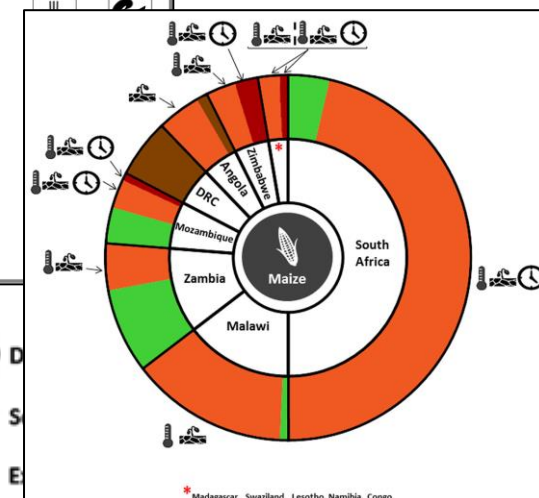
Conditions:



Drivers:

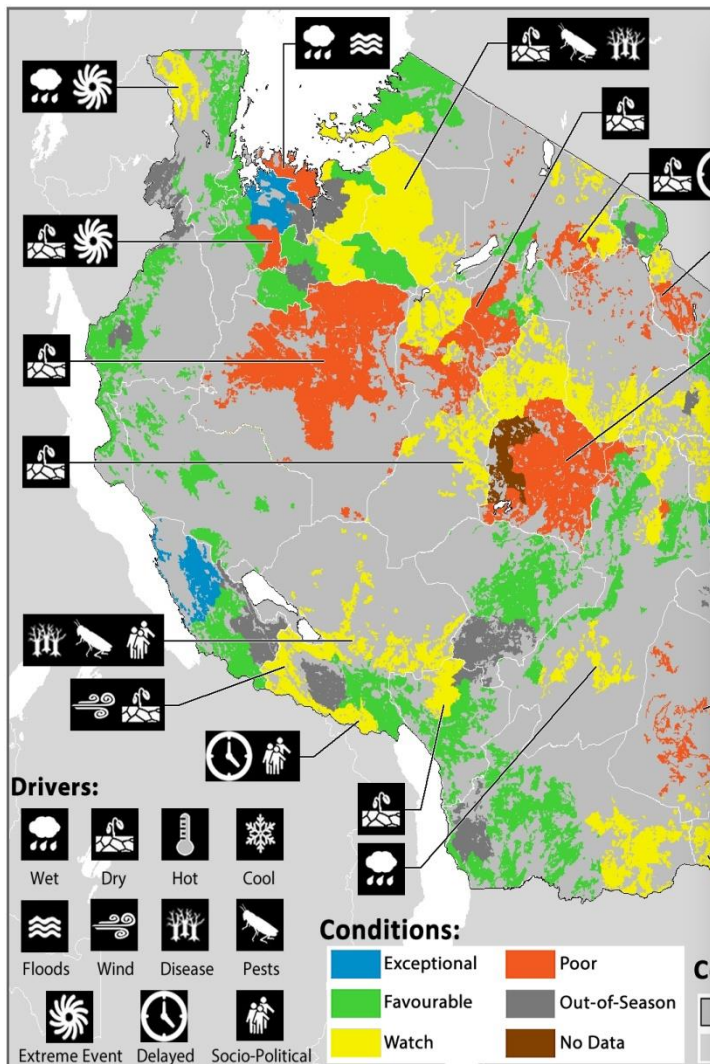


Crops:

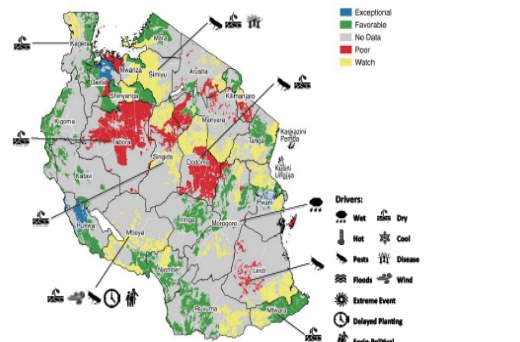


Early Warning Crop Monitor

Initiation of National Crop Monitors: Tanzania Example



Crop Conditions in Tanzania (as of 30th May 2015)



This crop condition map synthesizes information for all crops as of 30th May 2015. Crop conditions over the main growing areas are based on a combination of national and regional crop analyst inputs along with remote sensing data and rainfall data provided by the Tanzania Meteorological Department. Areas that are in other than favorable conditions are displayed on the map with their drivers

NATIONAL HIGHLIGHTS

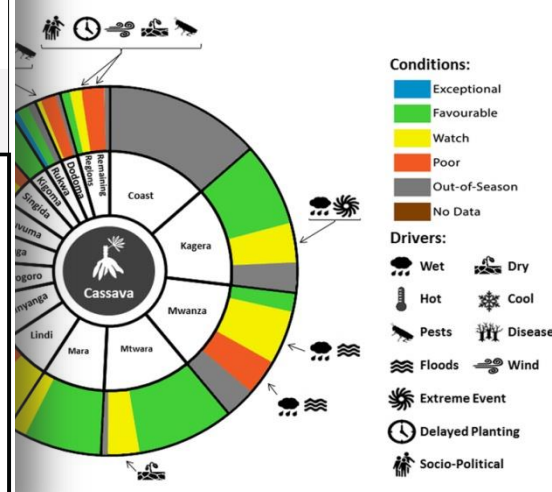
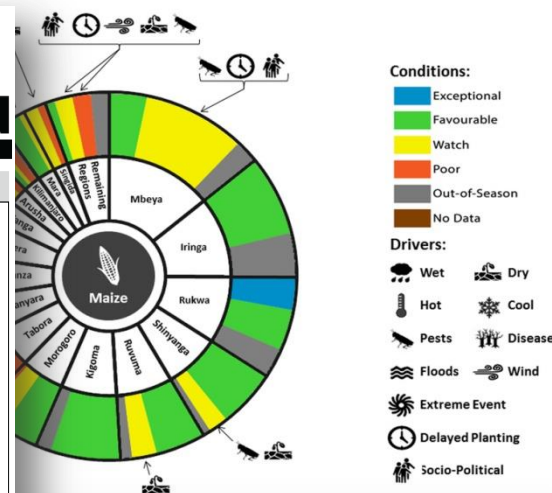
The maize crop growing areas of the southern highlands conditions are fair to favorable with the exception of Mbeya where conditions are poor. The region experienced a delayed start to the rainy season, which has created early season moisture deficits in many areas.

Poor conditions persist in Tabora, Lindi and parts of Mwanza, Geita, Arusha, Kilimanjaro and Dodoma. There have been reports of pests and diseases in Simiyu, Dodoma, Lindi, Mara and Mbeya. The common crop pest is the Larger Grain Borer (Dumuzu) affecting maize crops in all the districts of Simiyu region. The common pest and disease in Mara region are Maize Leaf Necrosis (MLND), Cassava Mosaic Virus and Cassava Brown Streak

Seasonal rains have begun to intensify in the last two weeks, however the effects early season rainfall deficits are still evident. April is the peak month for the long-rain season and given a positive two-week forecast, some relief is expected

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REGIONAL HIGHLIGHTS	
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Canada: Earth Observation Working for Agriculture

Vision: To understand the state of Canadian agricultural production from pre-planting conditions through to post harvest conditions.

Decades of earth observation research has led to the development of innovative agricultural monitoring capabilities that are, or close to being operational:

- ✓ ○ Crop type, area and condition.
- ✓ ○ Snow cover, Soil moisture, Excessive wetness, Drought.
- ✓ ○ Climate and weather related impacts on production.
- ✓ ○ Crop yield forecasting.
- ✓ ○ Harvest progress monitoring.
- ✓ ○ Soil management (tillage, crop residue).
- ✓ ○ Biomass production.
- ✓ ○ Crop damage, disease and pests.
- ✓ ○ Soil health.



Operational



In Development



Planned



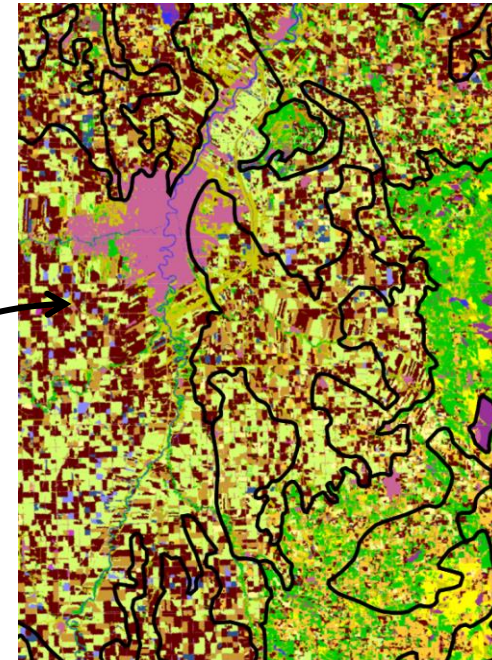
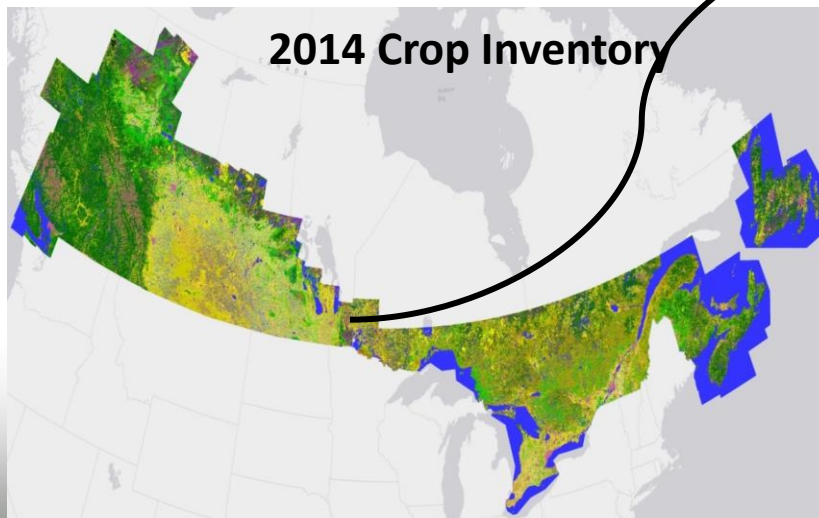
Agriculture and
Agri-Food Canada

Agriculture et
Agroalimentaire Canada

Current Operational Systems: Canada

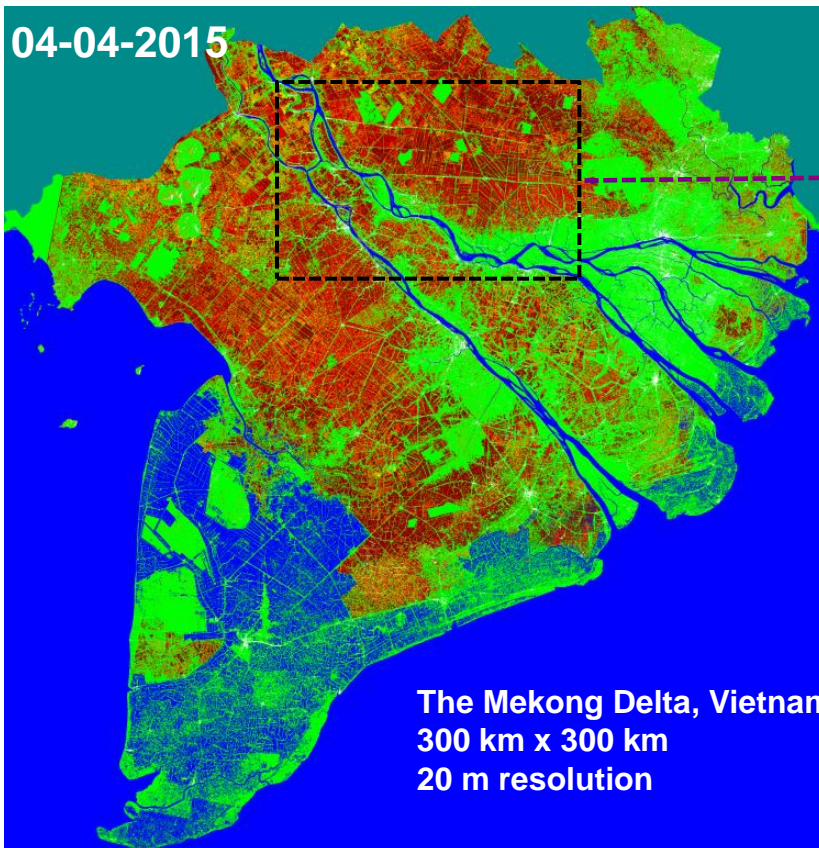
Annual Crop Inventory

- Based on RADARSAT-2 and optical imagery.
- Maps every farm field in Canada at $\geq 80\%$ accuracy.
- Consistently one of the top data sets downloaded from data.gc.ca.
- Used for programs and policy and a broad range of OGD, Provincial and sector uses... (eg. Next slide)

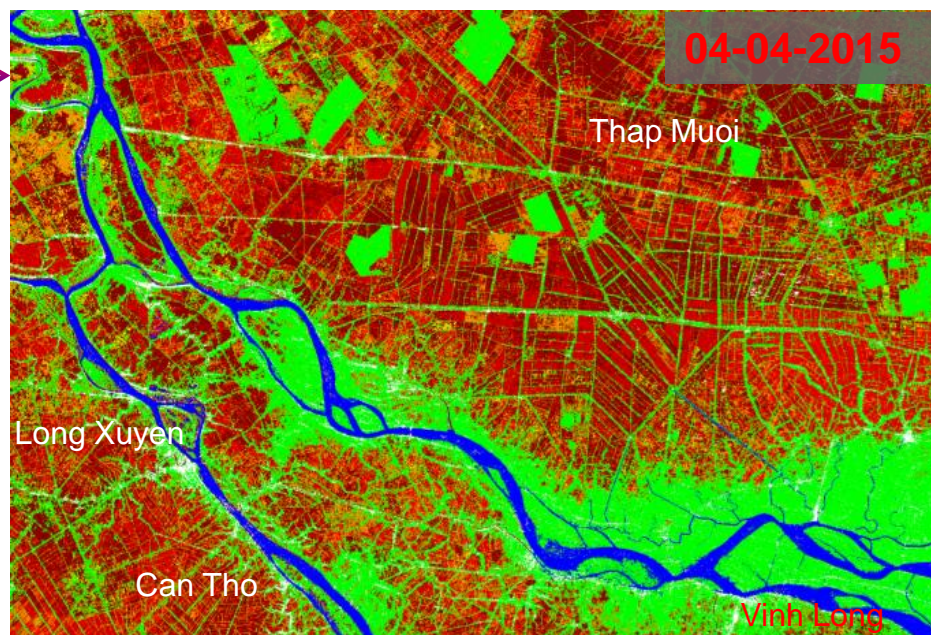


Rice monitoring using Sentinel-1A data

Monitoring of Winter-Spring rice



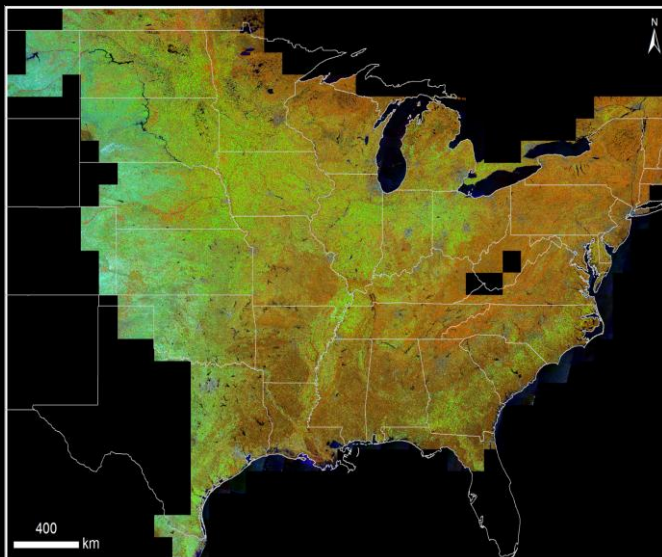
100 km x 70 km, 20 m resolution



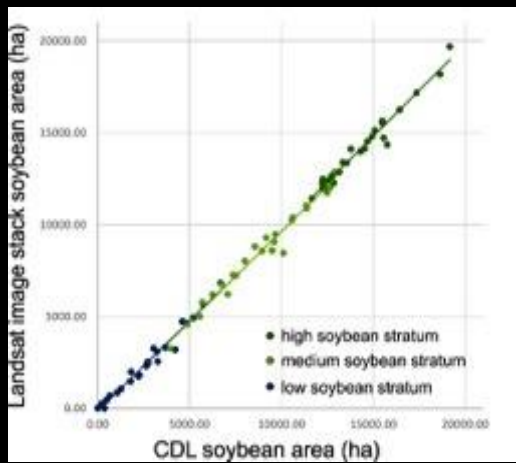
- | | |
|--|---------------------------------------|
| | Rice: early stage |
| | Rice: tillering stage |
| | Rice: reproductive stage |
| | Rice: maturity stage |
| | Non rice (forest, other LULC) |
| | Water (ocean, river, aquaculture) |
| | Land outside the Vietnam Mekong delta |

National Level Crop Area Estimation (USA)

Soy Example Using Multi- Resolution Data



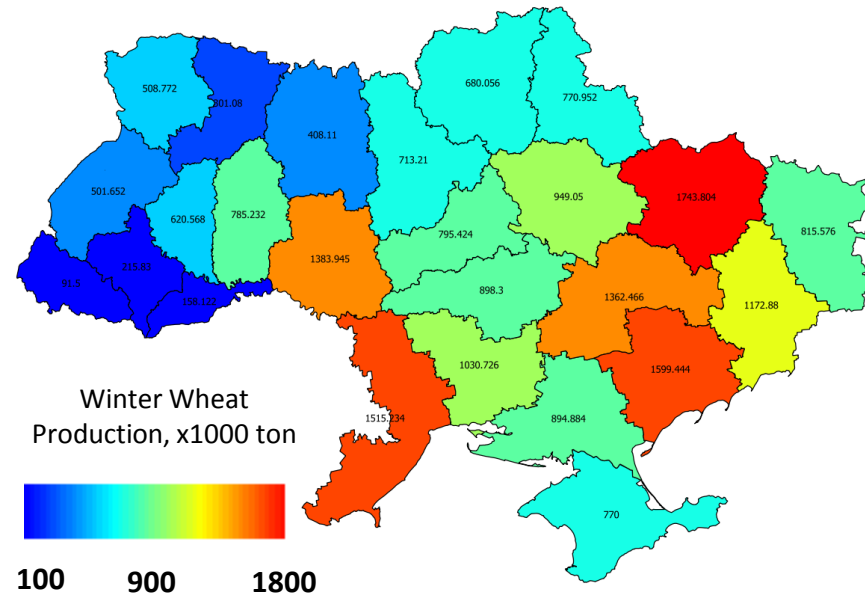
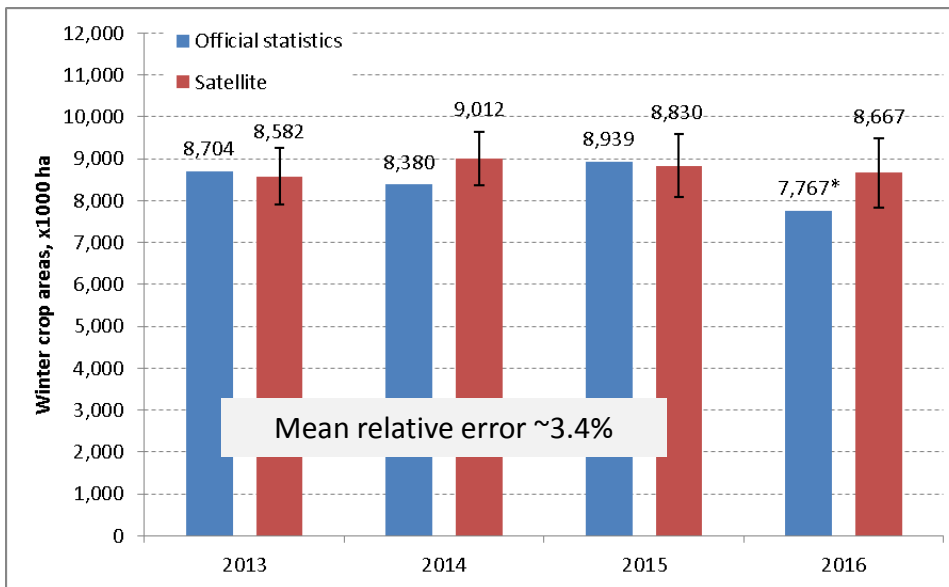
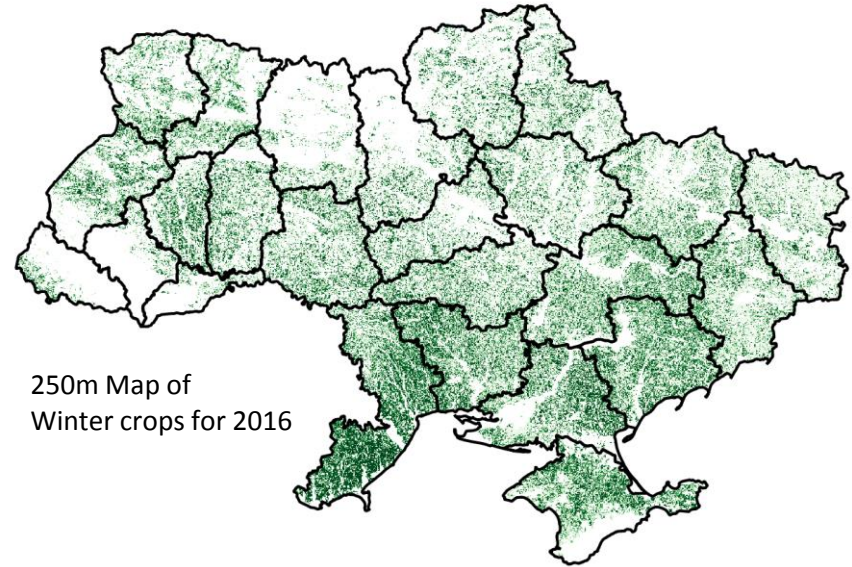
- A Sample based approach
- 70 sample blocks, in 3 strata, to estimate in season soybean cultivated area
- Satellite based estimate: 351,317 km² (SE 24,915)
- USDA NASS 2015 soybean estimate: 334, 000 km²



- High soybean stratum
- Medium soybean stratum
- Low soybean stratum
- Very low soybean stratum

National Level Prototyping: Ukraine

- Winter wheat yield/production forecasting (1.5-2 months in advance of harvest)
- Early season winter crop mapping
- Early season winter crop area estimates



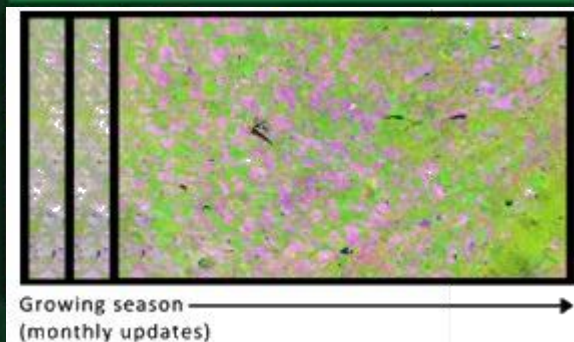
Skakun, Franch et al.

New Sentinel 2-based Products aligned with the GEOGLAM core products



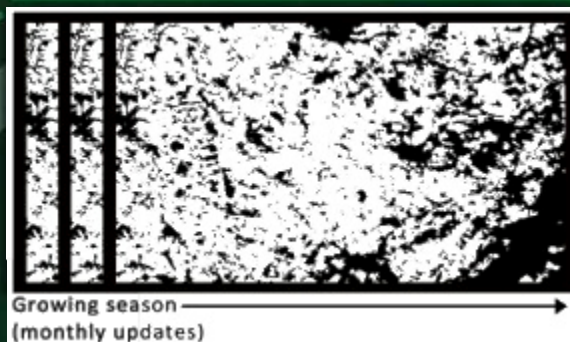
Monthly cloud free
surface reflectance
composite at 10-20m

CLOUD FREE SURFACE
REFLECTANCE COMPOSITES



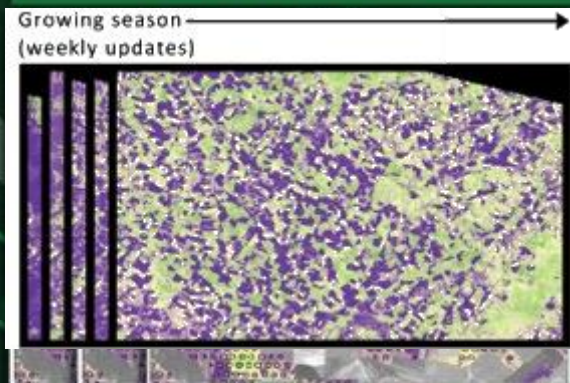
Vegetation status map
at 20m delivered every
10 days (NDVI, LAI, pheno index)

DYNAMIC CROPLAND MASK



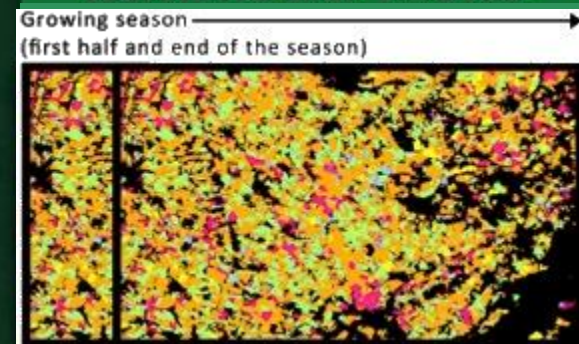
Open source toolbox
Capacity building and training

VEGETATION STATUS



Binary map
identifying annually
cultivated land at 10m
updated every month

CULTIVATED CROP TYPE MAP



Crop type map at 10m
for the main regional
crops including
irrigated/rainfed
discrimination

Research Foci at the Joint Experiment for Crop Assessment and Monitoring (JECAM) Sites

(JECAM co leads: Ian Jarvis (Canada), Pierre Defourny (Belgium))

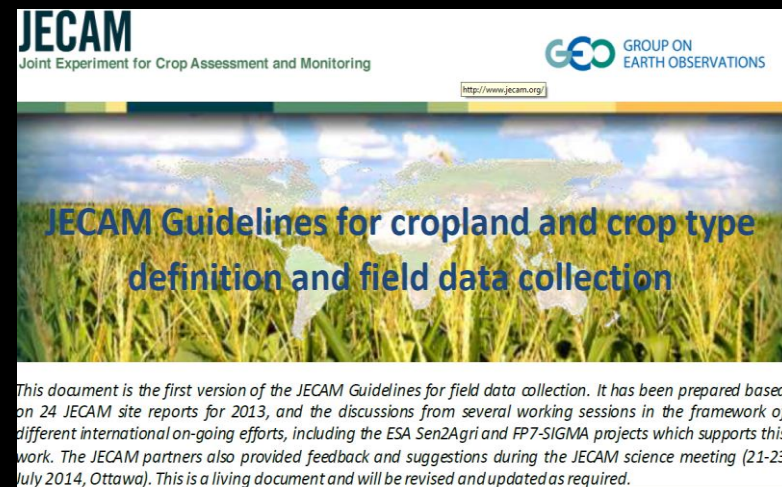
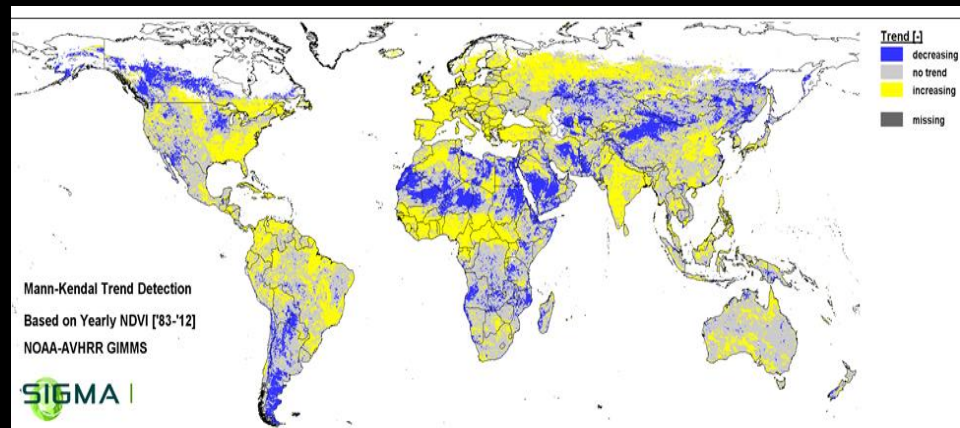
Developing and Comparing Methods for:

- Crop Type mapping
- Crop Condition monitoring
- Yield Estimation modeling
- Soil Moisture estimation
- Residue and Tillage monitoring etc.
- EC SIGMA Project, Sentinel 2 Agri are strengthening the JECAM field data collection and validation protocols and intercomparisons



SIGMA: Stimulating Innovation for Global Monitoring of Agriculture and its Impact on the Environment

- EC FP-7 Project
- Consortium lead by VITO (Belgium)
 - Partners in EC, Ukraine, Russia, China, Ethiopia, Kenya, Niger, Argentina, USA
- Contributing to Developing Standards and Best practices
 - Cross site experiments
 - Land cover mapping
 - Yield estimations
 - Agricultural Trend Analysis
- Capacity Needs Assessment-> selection of Priority countries
- Environmental Impact Assessment of Agricultural land use change



This Workshop

- Update on GEOGLAM Activities in Ukraine with a focus on new ESA Sentinel 2 Agri products and services (Monday pm)
- GEO UA Meeting (Tuesday)
 - Activity Updates, R and D presentations, discussion
- GEOGLAM JECAM Network Meeting (Tues/Wed am)
 - Network updates
 - Revisit CEOS Observation Requirements
 - New methods intercomparison initiatives
 - Shared validation data
- EC SIGMA Project Meeting (Wednesday pm/Thursday)
 - Project updates
 - Work Package results and accomplishments
- EC SIGMA Training (Friday)

Дякую

